TARGET MARKET DETERMINATION

For Crisis Recovery under Priority Protection, Priority Protection for Platform Investors insurance products and Professional Insurance Portfolio issued by AIA Australia Limited (ABN 79 004 837 861, AFSL 230043).



September 2023

1. About this document

When to use this target market determination

This target market determination (TMD) provides customers, distributors, and staff an understanding of the class of customers this product has been designed for, having regard to the likely objectives, financial situation and needs of the target market. Further, it sets out how the product is distributed, review periods and triggers relating to the TMD, and reporting and monitoring of the TMD.

This document is not a summary of the product's terms and conditions and is not intended to provide financial advice. Persons interested in acquiring this product should carefully read the Product Disclosure Statement (PDS) and any applicable Supplementary Product Disclosure Statement(s) which outline the relevant terms and conditions before making a decision whether to buy this product.

PDS to which this target market determination applies

This TMD applies specifically to Crisis Recovery insurance cover referred to in the following PDSs:

- · AIA Priority Protection and Priority Protection for Platform Investors PDS
- Professional Insurance Portfolio PDS

Effective date

8 September 2023

2. Class of customers that fall within this target market

The information below summarises the class of customers that fall within the target market for this insurance cover, and the likely objectives, financial situations and needs that this insurance cover has been designed to meet.

Class of customers

The customer has (or envisages that in future they will or may have) outstanding financial or financial-in-kind commitments (including financial commitments to dependents such as spouse or children) in the event of their suffering a defined Crisis Event. These financial or financial-in-kind commitments include but are not limited to:

- · Mortgage and other debt servicing costs
- · Medical costs, transportation and accommodation costs, and personal palliative care
- Ensuring that their business continues with less financial disruption.

Alternatively a customer who is seeking to reinstate this cover, exercise an option or make an administrative change (under this product or a different product for which AIA Australia is the issuer) that results in a policy being issued ("Existing Customer").

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Excluded class of customers

The insurance covers have **not** been designed for customers who:

- · are not residing in Australia at the time of application;
- · are not Australian citizens or permanent residents;
- have a total crisis/trauma sum insured of over \$2 million or \$1 million for home duties occupation categories (including insurance of a similar type held with any other insurers) (not applicable to Existing Customers);
- want premiums that can never be amended by an insurer in the future; and/or
- do not meet the eligibility or underwriting requirements (some underwriting and eligibility requirements may not be applicable to Existing Customers).

Likely needs and objectives

The insurance cover has been designed for customers who:

	Likely needs and objectives
Crisis Recovery	In the event of a defined Crisis Event:
	 want to reduce the burden of financial loss through the receipt of a lump sum amount;
	 envisage the need to protect their assets, and limit exposure of liabilities;
	 want to access funds to assist with taking time off work, making lifestyle changes, assisting with living expenses or out of pocket medical charges; and/or
	 want to support ongoing business management strategies.

Financial situation

The insurance cover has been designed for customers who are employed, have savings or otherwise have financial capacity (e.g. family or other relationships) to pay premiums (which may vary from time to time) in accordance with the chosen premium structure to retain the product for the period of time it is intended to be held.

3. Product design descriptions

This product has been designed for customers who want cover in the form of an agreed lump sum payment if they suffer from a defined Crisis Event in accordance with the terms and conditions outlined in the PDS.

Customers can structure cover as either stand-alone or as a rider to Life Cover:

- · as a rider, a Crisis benefit payment will reduce the Life Cover sum insured cover by the same amount.
- as a stand-alone, a Crisis benefit payment doesn't reduce the sum insured of the Life Cover.

Customers can also choose to add the following rider options to their Crisis Recovery cover:

Double Crisis Recovery

Upon paying a Crisis benefit payment, the Life Cover sum insured will not be reduced by the same amount under the rider structure.

Crisis Extension

Pays a lump sum payment for a more progressed or severely defined Crisis Event.

Not available in the Professional Insurance Portfolio product.

Crisis Recovery Buy-back

Reinstates the Life Cover sum insured after the payment of a full or selected partial Crisis Recovery claim. If purchasing Crisis Recovery as stand-alone cover then Crisis Recovery Buy-back is not available.

Crisis Reinstatement

Automatically reinstates the Crisis Recovery sum insured after the payment of a full or selected partial Crisis Recovery claim.

Refer to the PDS for more information.

Key Attributes

Eligibility

The entry age range depends on the cover type and premium structure selected, please refer to the PDS for the eligible entry age range available.

Premiums

<u>Payment of premiums</u> – if premiums are not paid when due, the policy may lapse in which case the policy owner would no longer be covered and cannot make a claim.

<u>Premium structure</u> – Premiums may vary from time to time and are dependent on age, sex, medical history, pastimes, smoking status, whether benefit indexation has been chosen, level of insurance cover chosen, and premium option chosen or available under the insurance cover. Premiums can alter based on the chosen premium structure and can change over time.

The main premium structures are:

Premium type	Summary
Stepped premiums	Stepped premiums increase each year as you get older because your chances of death, illness and injury increase with age. Stepped premiums increase over time. They are generally cheaper in the earlier years, compared to other premium structures like 'level premiums'.
Level premiums	Level premiums don't increase because of age. Level premiums start higher than stepped premiums but don't go up because of your age. Level premiums are designed to be held over a long period of time. However, the amount of level premiums you pay over the life of your policy can sometimes be more than what you'd pay for stepped premiums.
	The key difference between level and stepped premiums is that level premiums start higher than stepped premiums, however, while level premiums can increase each year for a number of reasons, they don't increase each year due to your age. Please see below other reasons why premiums can change.
Optimum premiums	Optimum premiums are an option which combines stepped premiums (which start low and increase each year because of your age), with level premiums (which can increase each year for a number of reasons but don't increase due to your age). If you select Optimum premiums, this means your premiums are stepped type premiums when your cover starts. The premium type typically changes from stepped type to level type at the policy anniversary when stepped premiums become greater than level premiums. Your Optimum premiums start higher than a stepped premium type.

More information

For more information go to <u>Life Insurance (aia.com.au)</u> and read the premium information under 'Understanding premiums and cover'.

Other reasons why premiums can change - Regardless of which premium structure you choose, premiums can change for the following reasons:

- 1. if you choose benefit indexation, which increases your cover amount to help keep pace with inflation;
- 2. if we change our premium rates for a group of policies due to, amongst other reasons, unanticipated claims increases, or if the economic conditions change;
- 3. changes in stamp duty rates or any other legislative/regulatory requirement;
- 4. due to discounts that end or are reduced; and/or
- 5. if you make a change to your policy (e.g. a change in the sum insured).

Detailed information on the premium structures available for each insurance cover are set out in the relevant sections of the PDS.

Initial Selection Discount

Claims experience highlights that individuals are less likely to claim in the initial years after underwriting. If the policy is on Stepped premiums and you select the Initial Selection Discount, we pass on the benefit of this improved claims experience to you in the form of a discount. The Initial Selection Discount provides a discount of 10% in the first year, 5% in the second year of the policy and 0% for the remaining years.

AIA Vitality Discount

The initial AIA Vitality Discount is designed to encourage you to participate in the AIA Vitality health and wellbeing program. If you've purchased the AIA Vitality Membership with an eligible discount, each year you can maintain and improve your discount up to the discount cap by actively engaging in the program. However, if you have low or no engagement in the program, your AIA Vitality discount will reduce over time. For more information go to aiavitality.com.au

Exclusions

A Crisis benefit will not be payable in the event of:

- any Crisis Event or disablement, caused by intentional self-inflicted injury or any such attempt, or
- Occupationally Acquired Hepatitis B or Hepatitis C Infection, where the Life Insured has elected not to take available
 mandatory medical treatment which, if taken, would have prevented the infection with Hepatitis B and/or Hepatitis C.

Product terms and conditions that may impact your ability to claim

The following policy terms and conditions may impact your ability to claim:

- your policy will convert to Loss of Independence (LOI) cover at the policy anniversary prior to your 70th birthday. Your LOI cover will expire at the policy anniversary prior to your 100th birthday.
- LOI cover replaces the defined Crisis Events with a more restrictive significant impairment and severity-based definition.
- you exceed the maximum \$2 million sum insured or \$1 million for home duties occupation categories (including insurance of a similar type held with any other insurers).

Please refer to the PDS for the products terms and conditions.

Appropriateness explanation

Broadly, the target market comprises those who have, or expect to have, outstanding financial commitments that will not be satisfied in the event of their own or another person's (i.e. the life insured's) suffering/undergoing of a defined Crisis Event and who have a capacity to pay potentially variable premiums on an ongoing basis. As the product pays a lump sum on meeting a defined crisis event it is therefore likely to meet the needs, or go towards meeting the needs, of those in the target market.

4. How this product is to be distributed

Distribution channels

The insurance cover must only be distributed through the following channels:

- Distribution under a personal advice model Australian Financial Services Licence (AFSL) holders authorised by AIA Australia to distribute the product will provide customers with personal advice in relation to the product. Under this model, the AFSL holder can also distribute the product via a platform, where an appropriate agreement between the platform provider and AIA is in place.
- **Distribution under general advice** AFSL holders authorised by AIA Australia to distribute the product under general advice. This includes online and telephone direct channels, including online aggregators. Under this model, the AFSL holder can also distribute the product via a platform, where an appropriate agreement between the platform provider and AIA is in place.
- **Distribution directly by AIA Australia** AIA Australia reinstates or issues the product for Existing Customers through completion of the relevant process and form.

Distribution conditions

This product must only be distributed under the following circumstances.

Distribution under Personal Advice:

Distributors must ensure:

- the product is distributed under an appropriate AFSL and authorised by AIA to distribute the product as per the terms of the Distribution Agreement
- to provide the customer with personal financial advice in relation to the product
- · to provide the customer a copy of the current PDS prior to making a decision to purchase the product, and
- the customer meets the product's age, residency and eligibility requirements.

Customers that obtain personal advice are more likely to be in the target market for this product because advisers have a duty to act in their best interest when providing personal advice.

Distribution under General Advice:

Distributors must ensure:

- the product is distributed under an appropriate AFSL and the distributor is authorised by AIA to distribute the product as per the terms of the Distribution Agreement
- the distributor has authorised scripting, training and/or quality assurance standards
- the customer is provided with a copy of the relevant PDS prior to making a decision to purchase the product
- · the customer meets application screening questions, and
- the customer meets the product's age, residency, and eligibility requirements.

Customers are more likely to be in the target market if distributors distribute the product in alignment with the issuer's distribution conditions.

Distribution directly by AIA Australia

AIA Australia must ensure Existing Customers complete the relevant process and form.

Customers are more likely to be in the target market if AIA Australia utilises the relevant process whereby the Existing Customer must either consult an adviser or alternatively the Existing Customer must confirm that the product meets the Existing Customers likely needs.

5. Reviewing this target market determination

We will review this target market determination in accordance with the below:

Initial review	Within 12 months after the effective date.
Periodic reviews	At least every three years from the initial review.
Review triggers or events	Review Trigger 1: The commencement of a significant change in law that materially affects the product design and/or distribution of the product or class of products that includes this product.
	Review Trigger 2: Product performance is materially inconsistent with the product issuer's expectations of the appropriateness of the product to consumers having regard to:
	a) Product claims ratio
	b) Claim payment ratios
	c) The number of policies sold
	d) Policy lapse or cancellation rates
	e) Percentage of applications not accepted
	Review Trigger 3: The use of Product Intervention Powers in relation to the distribution or design of this product where the product issuer considers this reasonably suggests that this TMD is no longer appropriate.
	Review Trigger 4: Significant or unexpectedly high number of complaints regarding product design, product availability, claims, and distribution condition that would reasonably suggest that the TMD is no longer appropriate.
	Review Trigger 5: The product issuer determines that a significant dealing in the product outside the target market (except for an excluded dealing) has occurred.

Information needed for review triggers or events

Issuer:

Review Trigger 1: Relevant regulation, legislation and/or ASIC instruments relating to the change in law.

Review Trigger 2: During the review period, the expected and actual number of:

- a) Product claims ratio
- b) The number or rate of paid, denied, and withdrawn claims
- c) The number of policies sold
- d) Policy lapse or cancellation rates
- e) Percentage of applications not accepted

Review Trigger 3: Relevant Product Intervention order.

Review Trigger 4: Complaint data and the nature of the complaints regarding product design, product availability, claims and distribution conditions.

Review Trigger 5: the product governance/incident management process determined that a significant dealing has occurred.

All Distributors:

Review Trigger 4: Reports of complaints and the nature of the complaints regarding product design, product availability, claims, and distribution conditions.

Review Trigger 5: Reports of significant dealings to the issuer.

Where a review trigger has occurred, this target market determination will be reviewed within 10 business days.

6. Reporting and monitoring

We will collect and report on the following information:

Complaints

We will receive reports from the distributors on all complaints in relation to this financial product half-yearly (within 10 business days of the end of March and September). If any such complaints have been received by distributors in the reporting period, we require the number of complaints received.

In addition, where complaints are received during the reporting period that relate to product design, product availability, claims or distribution conditions, we require for each complaint:

- · the date complaint was received
- · a description of the complaint.

AIA may request additional information from the distributor to further understand the underlying complaint issue.

Significant dealings

We will receive reports if our distributors become aware of a significant dealing in the product that is inconsistent with the TMD within 10 business days.